

Gandhi

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Complete the sentences with a word from the box. Then put the events in the order that they happen in the book. The first is shown as (1).

firm barrister strike partition non-cooperation shot
set up cultured signed peacefully ashes

- 1 Gandhi was born into a _____ Hindu family in North West India. (1)
- 2 The _____ of Pakistan from India was agreed.
- 3 A law _____ in South Africa invited Gandhi to work there for a year.
- 4 South African workers went on _____ and Gandhi told them to march to the Transvaal in protest.
- 5 Gandhi studied at a school where children of different religions lived together _____.
- 6 Gandhi went to London and studied to become a _____.
- 7 A man pulled out a gun and _____ Gandhi three times.
- 8 The British Prime Minister, Ramsay Macdonald, _____ a pact giving India independence.
- 9 Gandhi returned from South Africa to India, where he _____ an ashram.
- 10 Gandhi began working closely with the Indian National Congress and told Indians that peaceful _____ would bring independence.
- 11 Gandhi's _____ were set free in the holy Ganges and Rumna rivers.

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Insert one missing article (*a*, *an* or *the*) in each of the sentences. The first one is an example.

- 12 In *the* late nineteenth century, India was divided in many ways.
- 13 Gandhi was born in north-west of India.
- 14 Gandhi was not one of best students at school, but he always arrived on time.
- 15 Gandhi passed his law exams and became barrister in 1891.
- 16 On 11th September 1906, Gandhi called meeting in Johannesburg, which 3000 people came to.
- 17 ashram which Gandhi created in 1915 was in Ahmedabad.
- 18 During First World War, more than 500,000 Indians fought for Britain.

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There is one spelling mistake in each of the sentences. Find and correct the mistake. The first one is an example.

- 19 Gandhi beleived (*believed*) that violence should not be used in the fight for independence.
- 20 Gandhi's mother was a strongly religous woman.
- 21 Gandhi marryed Kasturbai when he was only thirteen years old.
- 22 Gandhi and his friends set up a pollitical party, the Natal Indian Congress.
- 23 Untouchables were invited into the ashram wich Gandhi set up.
- 24 The representatives at the Round Table Conference were not sucessful in reaching an agreement.
- 25 Finally Pakistan became a seperate, independent country.

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Choose the odd one out.

- 26 Which one is NOT a person?
A monk B passenger C campaign D peasant
- 27 Which one is NOT an adjective to describe a feeling?
A rented B shocked C disappointed D furious
- 28 Which one is NOT connected with the law?
A barrister B weave C trial D arrest
- 29 Which one is NOT connected with war?
A ally B invade C fight D suit
- 30 Which one is NOT connected with protest?
A demonstration B rebellion C obey D riot
- 31 Which one is NOT connected with religion?
A pray B century C temple D belief
- 32 Which one is NOT connected with politics?
A cremation B leader C party D election

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Total: ___ / 32